

# 5COSC002W DATABASE SYSTEMS

**2021-2022 Tutorial 09**

**Navigating through & rendering XML docs – XPath and XSLT**

## Case Study

Westmuni is a university specialised in the delivery of wide range of IT courses to Undergraduate students.

## Setting Up: Creating an XML database on BaseX

### Access the XML document from Blackboard

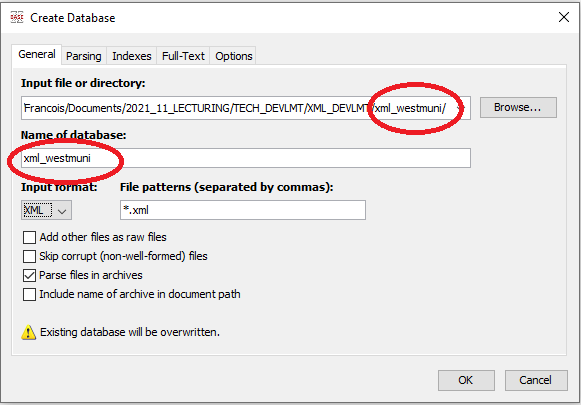
* 1. Create a **directory** locally on your machine called **xml\_westmuni**.
  2. Get the **XML document** called **uni\_marks.xml** from Blackboard under ‘Learning Resources and ‘Section 3 –

XML’. Do not click on the XML file but instead right-click on it and select “save-link as”.

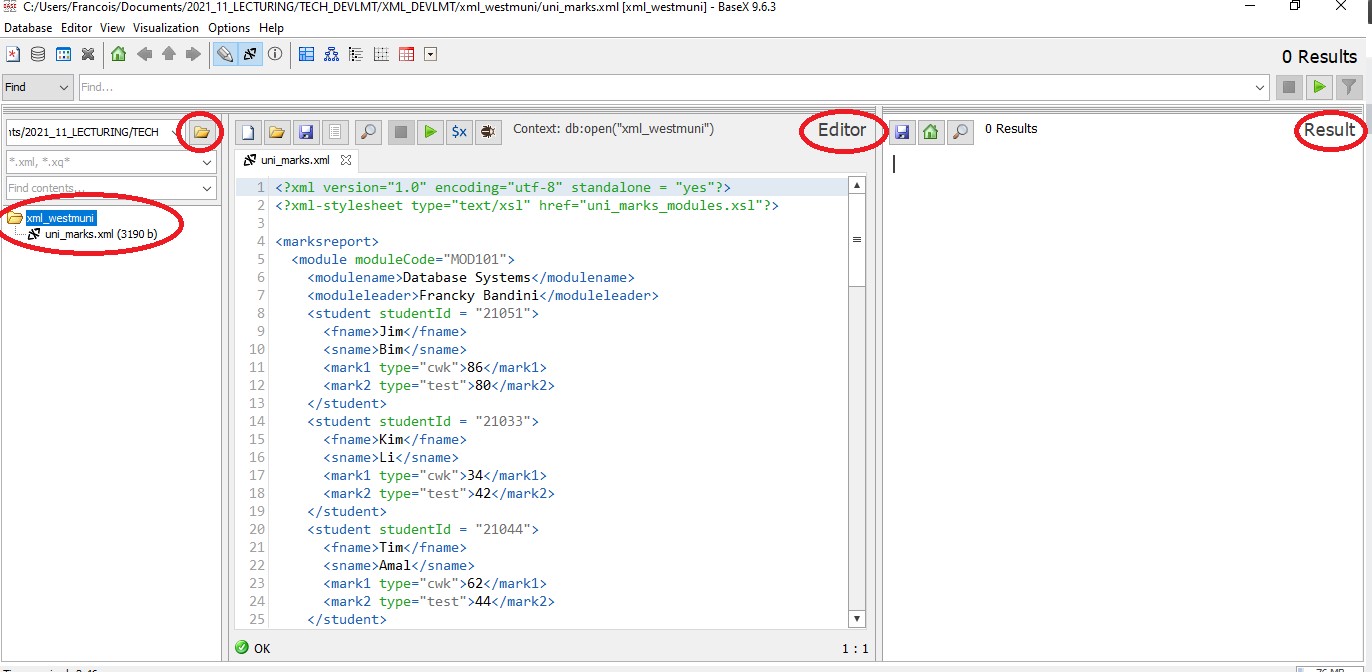
* 1. Save the uni\_marks.xml document in your **xml\_westmuni directory**.

### Create an XML database on BaseX

* 1. Locate **BaseX** on AppsAnywhere [https://appsanywhere.westminster.ac.uk](https://appsanywhere.westminster.ac.uk/) and launch it.
  2. Alternatively, download BaseX from <https://basex.org/>if you are using your own machine
  3. Create a **New Database** on BaseX. Click on “Database” on the top nav bar and select “New”.
  4. Click browse and locate your xml\_westmuni directory.
  5. Name your **XML database** as **xml\_westmuni** (same name as your directory) and click OK.



* 1. Use the browsing tool on the left hand-side to bring up your **xml\_westmuni directory** and open the **uni\_marks.xml** document in the editor. You can also use the View tab on the menu on the top nav bar to display the result pane on the right hand-side and hide any other panes, if you so wish.

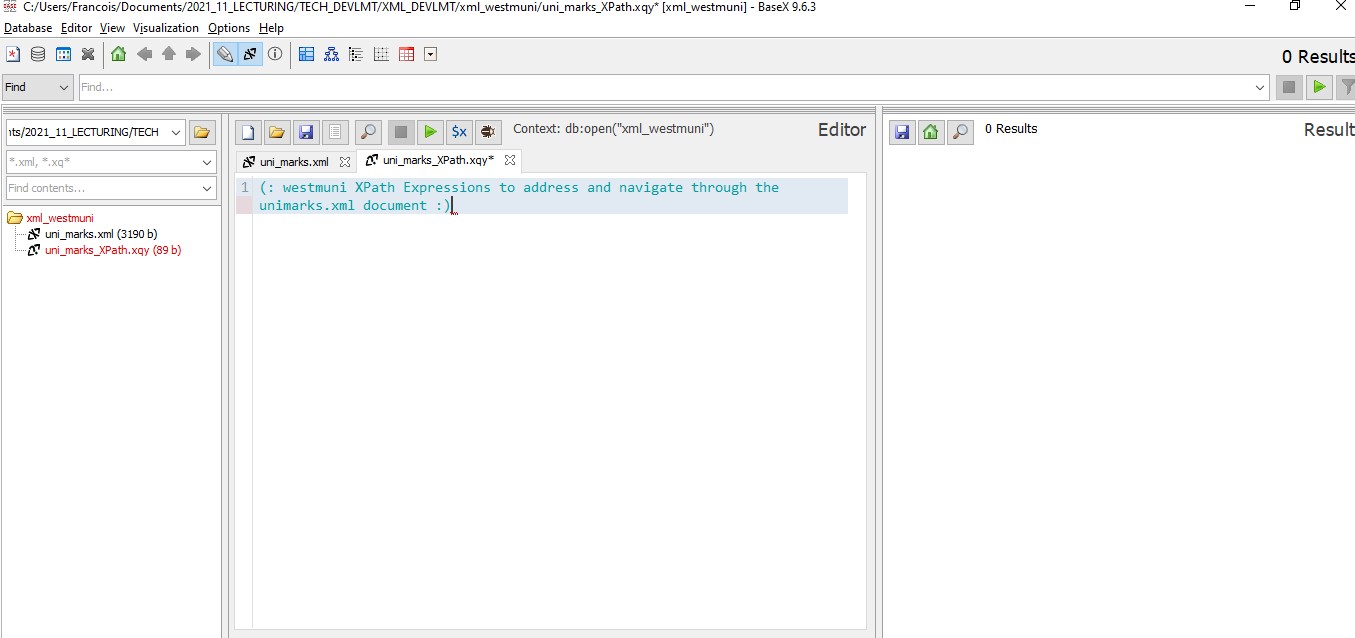


TUTORIAL 09 PART 1: XPath

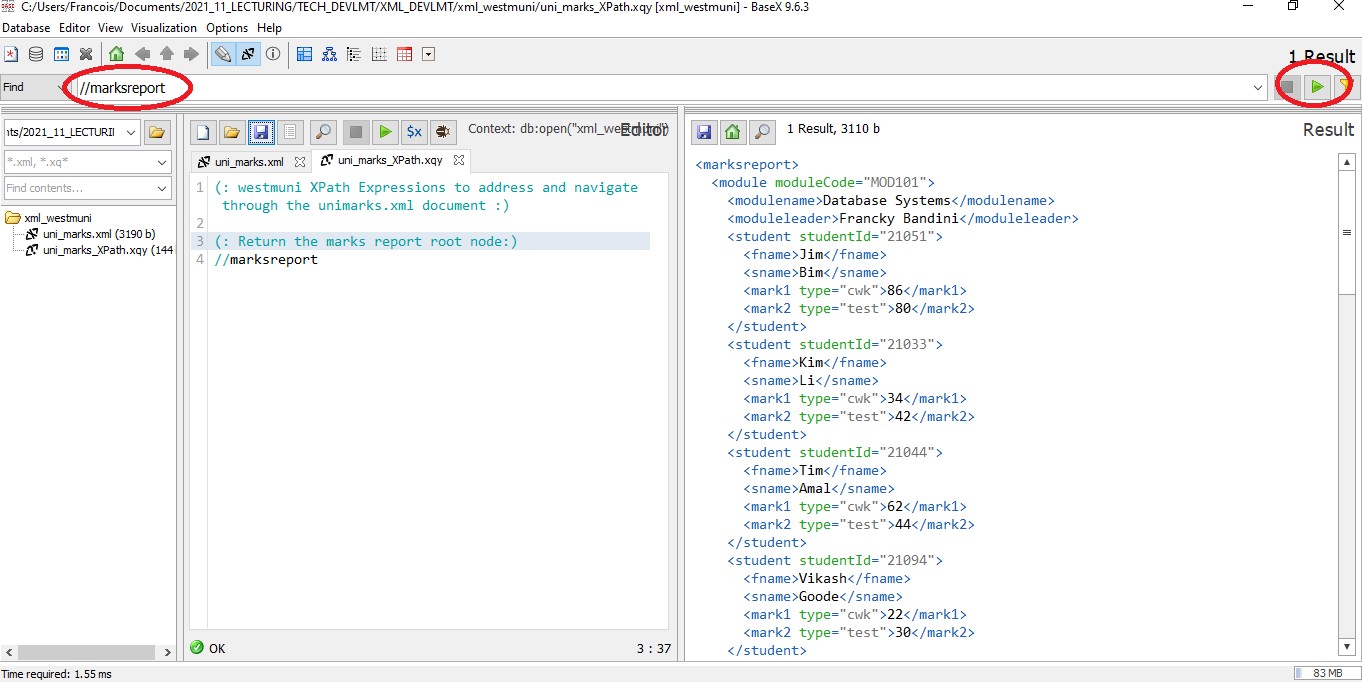
Tutorial 09 Task 01: Creating your XPath file on BaseX

1. Create a new file (of type .xqy) to write your XPath expressions. Click on the “New” icon to open a new tab.
2. Click on the “Save” icon to save the new file as **uni\_marks\_XPath.xqy** in the same directory xml\_westmuni.
3. Type in a comment between (: and :) at the top of your **uni\_marks\_XPath.xqy** file e.g.

(: westmuni XPath Expressions to address and navigate through the unimarks.xml document :)



1. Write your first XPath expression in your editor to return the root note in your editor //marksreport
2. Copy and paste it in the box above the editor and click on the green “run query” icon on the right hand-side to execute it. View the result on the pane on the right-hand side.



7. Continue writing your XPath expressions in the editor. For every expression, copy and paste it in the above box to run it and view the output.

## Tutorial 09 Question 01: Simple XPath expressions

1. Return the modules nodes and descendants (using an absolute path).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the modules nodes and descendants (using a relative path).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the module names and module leaders (using an absolute path).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the module names and module leaders and descendants (using a relative path).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

## Tutorial 09 Question 02: XPath expressions with conditions

1. Return the module details for the module called "Database Systems".

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the surnames of the students on the "Database Systems" module.

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of the students who have scored more than 40 in the first component.

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of the students on the Database Systems module who have scored more than 40 in the first component of the assessment.

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the students on the module identified by the code "MOD102".

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

## Tutorial 09 Question 03: XPath expressions using wildcards

1. Return any node for which the first name matches Jim. Use a wildcard.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the names of all the modules in which Vikash is enrolled. Use a wildcard.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return all the marks scored by the student Vikash. Use a wildcard.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the surname of the students who scored exactly 86 in the first component.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the students' surnames in the module identified by the code MOD103. Use a wildcard.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

## Tutorial 09 Question 04: XPath expressions using logical operators

1. Return the details of modules that have 102 and 103 as module codes using the or logical operator.

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of modules that do not have the module code MOD102 using the not logical operator.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of students who for mark1 have scored a mark between 50 and 60 (inclusive) using the and logical operator.

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Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of students that have scored 76 in a test for the first component (mark 1).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

1. Return the details of the students that have either scored 75 and over in a test for the first component (mark1) or 45 an over in an exam for the second component (mark 2).

Graphical user interface, text, application

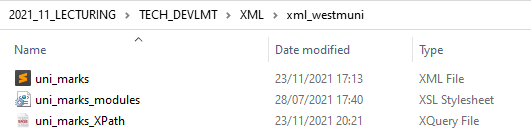
Description automatically generated

TUTORIAL 09 PART 2: XSLT

Tutorial 09 Task 02: Use an XSLT file to render the XML document and view a list of modules with the students and marks

### Access the XSLT file from Blackboard

* 1. Get the **XSLT file** called **uni\_marks\_modules.xsl** from Blackboard under ‘Learning Resources and ‘Section 3 – XML’. Do not click on the XSLT file but instead right-click on it and select “save-link as”.
  2. Save the **uni\_marks\_modules.xsl** file in your **xml\_westmuni directory**.
  3. Check that your **xml\_westmuni directory** now contains the following files
     + The XML document **uni\_marks.xml**
     + The XPath file **uni\_marks\_XPath.xqy**
     + The XSLT file **uni\_marks\_modules.xsl**



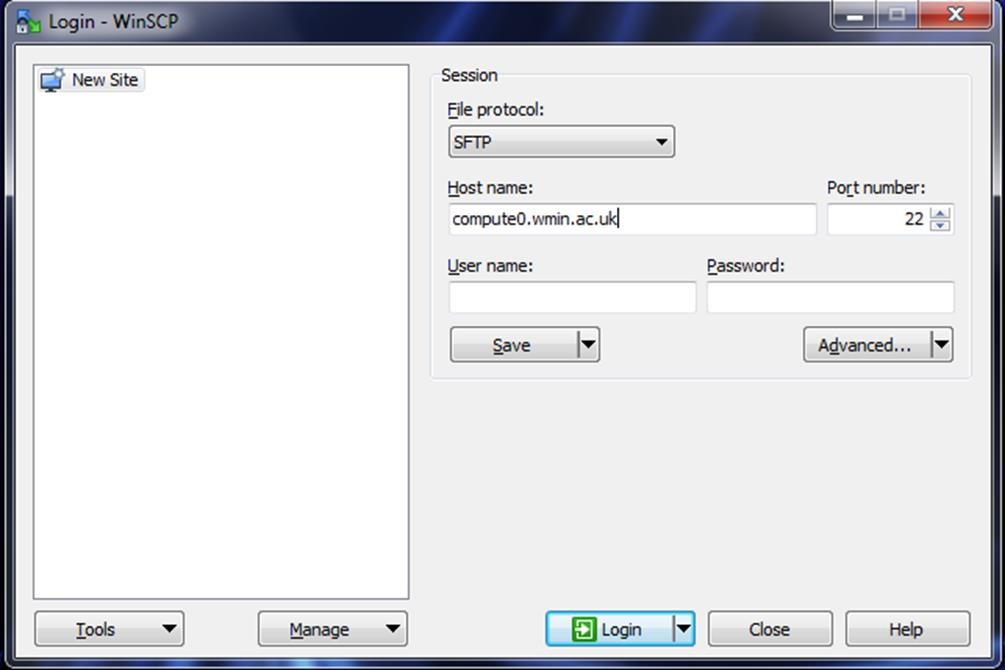
### Modify the XML file to call the XSLT Stylesheet

Edit your **XML document** called **uni\_marks.xml** and add this line (on line 2) as a reference to the XSLT stylesheet.

<?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="uni\_marks\_modules.xsl"?>

### Upload the xml\_westmuni directory onto the server

* 1. Go to AppsAnywhere on [https://appsanywhere.westminster.ac.uk](https://appsanywhere.westminster.ac.uk/) and launch **WinSCP** if you are running Windows, or **FileZilla** if you are running macOS.
  2. With **WinSCP**, fill in your details and click Login.



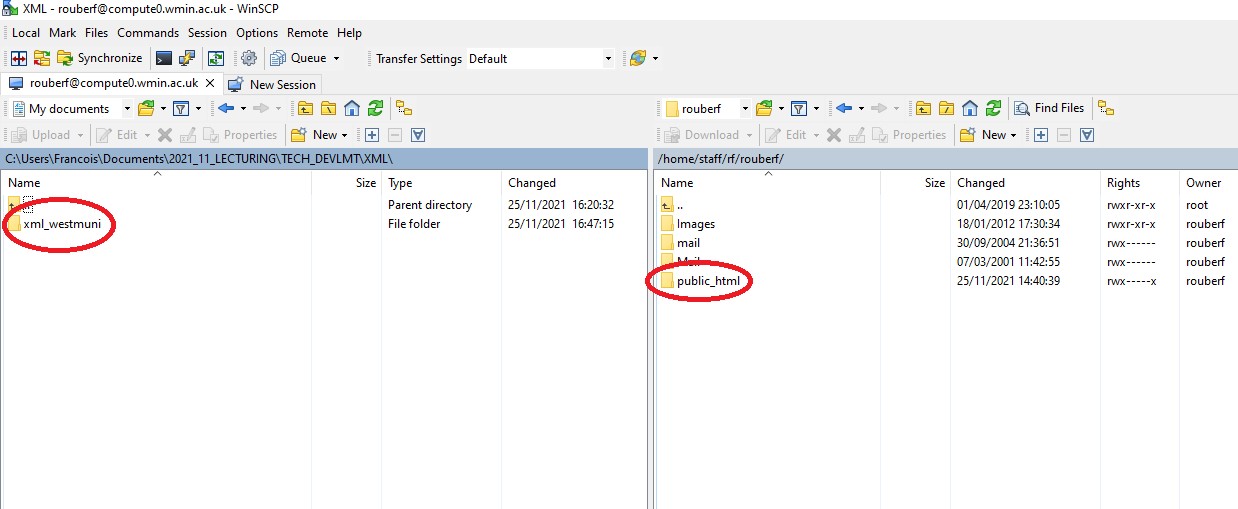
* + - **The Host name**: compute0.wmin.ac.uk
    - **Your Uni login name**: w + 7 digits of your id number with w in lower case e.g. w1234567

### Your Uni password

Make sure that you can see a **public\_html directory** on the right pane.

* 1. Upload your **local xml\_westmuni directory** (left pane) by dragging the whole directory across **INSIDE** the

**remote public\_html directory** on the server (right pane).



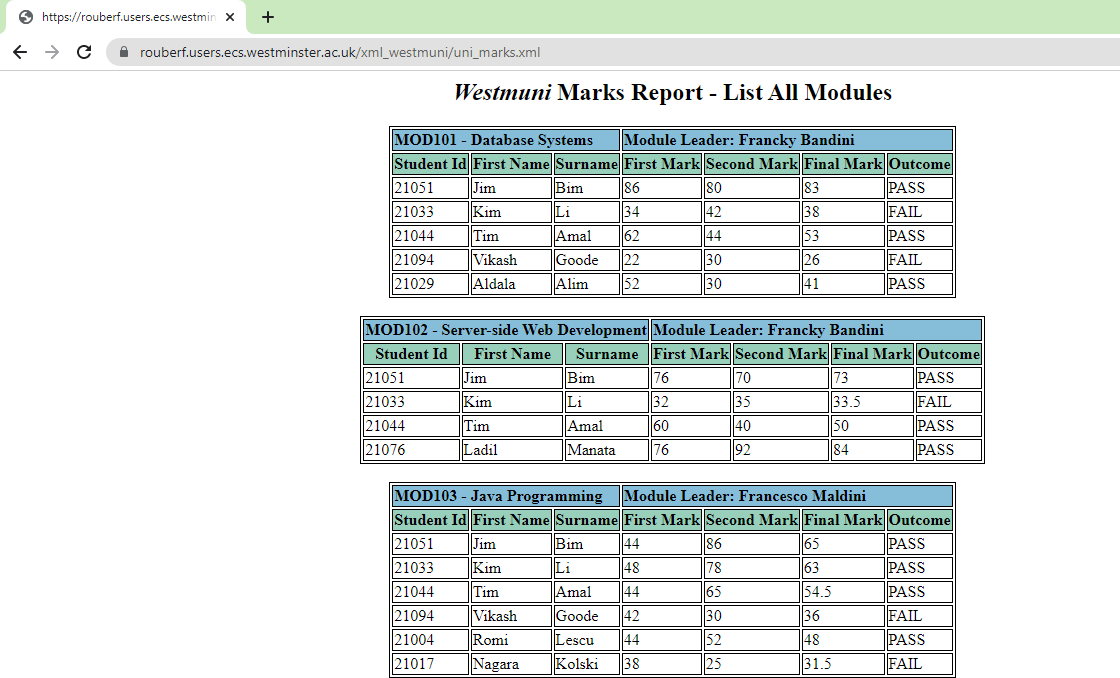
### View the XML document as rendered by the XSLT file

* 1. Open a browser and enter the following URL (replace w1234567 with **YOUR ID number**)

[**https://w1234567.users.ecs.westminster.ac.uk/xml\_westmuni/uni\_marks.xml**](https://w1234567.users.ecs.westminster.ac.uk/xml_westmuni/uni_marks.xml)

* 1. The following rendering of the XML document should be produced.

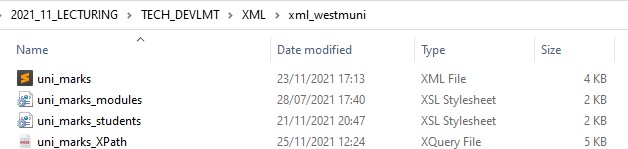
A list of modules and module leaders, and for each module a list of students on this module, as well as the marks scored in both components (mark 1 and mark 2), the final mark as an average and outcome for the module (pass or fail).



## Tutorial 09 Task 03: Modify the XSLT file to render the XML document and view a list of students with their modules and marks

### Create a new XSLT file.

* 1. Copy and paste **uni\_marks\_modules.xsl** in the same directory and rename it to **uni\_marks\_students.xsl**
  2. Check that your **xml\_westmuni directory** now contains the following files
     + The XML document **uni\_marks.xml**
     + The XPath file **uni\_marks\_XPath.xqy**
     + The XSLT file **uni\_marks\_modules.xsl**
     + The XSLT file **uni\_marks\_students.xsl**



### Modify the XSLT file.

* 1. Edit line 2 of **uni\_marks.xml** to call the new XSLT Stylesheet.

<?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="uni\_marks\_students.xsl"?>

* 1. Open the **uni\_marks\_students.xsl** file in either your IDE or in XBase.
  2. Modify **uni\_marks\_students.xsl** so that the following rendering of the XML document is produced.

A list of all the students with the details of the modules they take, the marks they scored for both components (mark1 and mark 2), the final mark as an average, and the outcome (pass or fail).

Your list can be displayed as part of one HTML table with the following columns:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Student Id | Surname | First Name | Module Code | Module Name | 1st Mark | 2nd Mark | Final Mark | Outcome |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In each cell of the HTML table retrieve and display the required data valuesfrom the XML document.

* 1. With WinSCP (or FileZilla) re-upload all 4 files from your **local xml\_westmuni directory** (left pane) to your

**remote xml\_westmuni directory** (right pane).

* 1. Refresh the browser with the same URL (with your **ID number**), you should now get the following rendering.

[**https://w1234567.users.ecs.westminster.ac.uk/xml\_westmuni/uni\_marks.xml**](https://w1234567.users.ecs.westminster.ac.uk/xml_westmuni/uni_marks.xml)

